

MECCANO

Real Engineering in Miniature

There is no limit to the number of models that can be built with Meccano—Cranes, Clocks, Motor Cars, Ship Coalers, Machine Tools, Locomotives—in fact everything that interests boys. A screwdriver and a spanner, both of which are provided in each Outfit, are the only tools necessary.

When you have built all the models illustrated in the Manuals of Instruction the fun is not over, but is just beginning. Now comes the chance to make use of your own ideas. First of all, re-build some of the models with small changes in construction that may occur to you; then try building models entirely of your own design. In doing this you will feel the real thrill of the engineer and the inventor.

### HOW TO BUILD UP YOUR OUTFIT

Meccano is sold in eleven different Outfits, ranging from No. O to No. 10. Each Outfit from No. 1 upwards can be converted into the next one larger by the purchase of an Accessory Outfit. Thus, Meccano No. 1 Outfit can be converted into No. 2 Outfit by adding to it a No. 1a Accessory Outfit. No. 2a Outfit would then convert it into a No. 3 and so on. In this way, no matter with which Outfit you commence, you can build it up by degrees until you possess a No. 10 Outfit.

All Meccano parts are of the same high quality and finish, but the larger Outfits contain a greater quantity and variety, making possible the construction of more elaborate models.

As shown in the illustrations, the realism of many models can be increased by the inclusion of the figures, motor vehicles and other items from the Dinky Toys Series; pilots and drivers from the Aeroplane and Motor Car Constructor Outfits; trees and hedges from the Hornby Railway Series; Meccano sacks, cable drums, etc. These items are not included in any of the Outfits. A Clockwork Motor is included in Outfits 7a, 8, 9 and 10 only, and an Electric Motor in Outfits 9a and 10 only.

### ELECTRIC LIGHTING OF MECCANO MODELS

It is great fun to illuminate your Meccano models by electric light, and a special Meccano Lighting Set can

be obtained from your dealer for this purpose. This consists of two spot lights with plain and coloured imitation glass discs, one stand lamp, two special brackets, and two pea lamps, operated from a 4-volt flash-lamp battery (not included in the Set). The stand lamp is used for decorative purposes, and the spot lights can be used as headlamps, floodlights on cranes, and in countless other ways.



The "Meccano Magazine" is published specially for Meccano boys. Every month it describes and illustrates new Meccano models for Outfits of all sizes, and deals with suggestions from readers for new Meccano parts and for new methods of using the existing parts. There are model-building competitions specially planned to give an equal chance to the owners of small and large Outfits. In addition, there are splendid articles on such subjects as Railways, Famous Engineers and Inventors, Electricity, Chemistry, Bridges, Cranes and Aeroplanes, and special sections dealing with the latest Engineering, Aviation, Shipping and Road and Track News. Other pages deal with Stamp Collecting, and Books of interest to boys; and a feature of outstanding interest is the section devoted to short articles from readers.

The "Meccano Magazine" is the finest of all papers for boys who are interested in the wonderful things going on in the world around them. It is published on the first of each month. If you are not already a reader write to the Editor for full particulars, or order a copy from your Meccano dealer, or from any newsagent.

### THE MECCANO GUILD

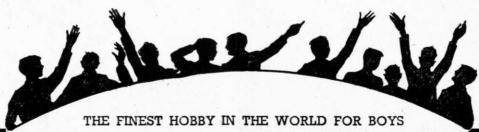
Every owner of a Meccano Outfit should join the Meccano Guild. This is a world-wide organisation, started at the request of Meccano boys. Its primary object is to bring boys together and to make them feel that they are all members of a great brotherhood, each trying to help others to get the very best out of life. Its members are in constant touch with Headquarters, giving news of their activities and being guided in their hobbies and interests. Write for full particulars and an application form to the Secretary, Meccano Guild, Binns Road, Liverpool 13.

Clubs founded and established under the guidance of the Guild Secretary provide Meccano boys with opportunities of enjoying to the utmost the fun of model-building. There are nearly 200 active clubs in Great Britain, and nearly 100 in countries overseas, each with its Leader, Secretary, Treasurer and other officials. With the exception of the Leader, all the officials are boys, and as far as possible the proceedings of the clubs are conducted by boys.

Recruiting Medallions are awarded to members who are successful in securing recruits for the Guild, and good work on behalf of Meccano clubs, or of the Guild generally, is recognised by the presentation of special Merit Medallions. Full particulars of both these awards will be sent post free on request.

### MECCANO SERVICE

The service of Meccano does not end with selling an Outfit and an Instruction Manual. If ever you are in any difficulty with your models, or if you want advice on anything connected with this great hobby, write to us. We receive every day hundreds of letters from boys in all parts of the world, and each of these is answered personally by one of our staff of experts. Whatever your problem may be, write to us about it.



### HOW TO COMMENCE THE FUN

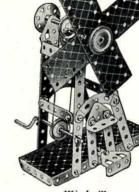
### THE MOST FASCINATING OF ALL HOBBIES

Meccano model-building is the most fascinating of all hobbies, because it never becomes dull. There is always something new to be done. First of all there is the fun of building a new model, and watching it take shape as part after part is added. Then, when the model is complete, comes the thrill of setting it to work just like the real structure it represents, by means of a Meccano Motor. This wonderful process can be repeated indefinitely, for there is no end to the number of Meccano models that can be built. Another

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le fun.



Windmill

### **IMPORTANT**

Wartime conditions and restrictions have made necessary certain alterations in the introductory page of this Manual. The most important are the following:-

The Meccano Lighting Set has been withdrawn, but the models shown with lighting arrangements can readily be built with only slight changes.

The Aeroplane and Motor Car Constructor Outfits also are withdrawn, and the miniature pilots and drivers shown in certain models are no longer available.

The Meccano Plates (Flanged, Flat, Curved, etc.,) are shown in the Manuals with diagonal lines. On the new Meccano Plates these lines are omitted

The only Meccano Motor at present available is the "MAGIC" Clockwork Motor. It is not included in Outfits.

MECCANO LIMITED

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built the names of the parts will have become familiar.

Floating

Crane

Beginners sometimes wonder which section of a model should be built first. There cannot be any definite rule for this, as it depends on the design of the model. In stationary models the base usually should be built first. In most of the smaller models a

5½"×2½" Flanged Plate forms an important part of the structure, and often the best plan is to start building by bolting parts to this Plate. For other models a good general rule is that the sections that form supports for a number of other parts should be built first.

### THE IMPORTANCE OF "LOCK-NUTTING"

In building models in which Rods revolve in the holes of other parts it is important to make sure that such holes are exactly in line with one another. This can be done very easily by pushing through the holes a long Rod before the Bolts holding the various parts are tightened up.

In some models it is necessary to join certain parts together, so that, although they cannot come apart, they are free to pivot or move in relation to one another. To do this the parts are bolted together as usual, but the Nut is not screwed up tightly, so that the parts are not gripped. Then, to prevent the Nut from unscrewing, a second Nut is screwed up tightly against it, the first, meanwhile, being held with a spanner. This method of using a second Nut is known as lock-nutting, and it is employed in a large number of Meccano models.

During the construction of a model it is best to screw up the Nuts with the fingers, followed by just a light turn with the screwdriver, leaving the final tightening with spanner and screwdriver until all the parts are connected up.

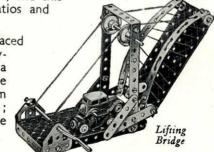
### MOTORS AND GEARING

Models can be operated by means of either Meccano Clockwork or Electric Motors.

The Clockwork Motors have the advantage of being self-contained and extremely simple. If only a small amount of power is needed, the model may be driven direct from the driving spindle of the Motor or through a belt running over two pulleys of the same size, giving what is described as a 1:1 (one-to-one) ratio. Greater power can be obtained by a reduction in the speed of the drive, which can be produced in a simple manner by connecting a small pulley on the Motor to a larger pulley by means of a belt. Thus if a 1" Pulley is made to drive a 3" Pulley, a reduction ratio of approximately 1:3 is obtained. This means that the driven shaft will take about three times the load that the driving shaft would handle, but will rotate at only one-third of the speed. Rubber bands are better than Cord for driving belts for most purposes.

The Electric Motors have the advantage of giving long continuous runs. Their speed is much higher than that of the Clockwork Motors, and this makes it possible to employ higher reduction ratios and thus obtain greater power.

With the larger Outfits, belt drive can be replaced with advantage by gearing. To operate a slowmoving model demanding great power, such as a traction engine, gears that will provide a considerable reduction must be used. For example, a Worm meshed with a ½" Pinion will give a 1:19 reduction; while a Worm meshed with a 57-teeth Gear will give a 1:57 reduction.

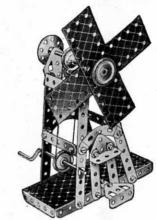


### HOW TO COMMENCE THE FUN

### THE MOST FASCINATING OF ALL HOBBIES

Meccano model-building is the most fascinating of all hobbies, because it never becomes dull. There is always something new to be done. First of all there is the fun of building a new model, and watching it take shape as part after part is added. Then, when the model is complete, comes the thrill of setting it to work just like the real structure it represents, by means of a Meccano Motor. This wonderful process can be repeated indefinitely, for there is no end to the number of Meccano models that can be built. Another point is that models built with Meccano are real engineering structures in miniature, and the keen model-builder has wonderful opportunities for learning the working of machines and mechanisms of all kinds. So he acquires practical engineering knowledge without special study.

It is so simple to build Meccano models that operations can be started as soon as the first Outfit is opened. Different boys build in different ways, but in the end they all reach the same splendid results. The following hints are given with the object of showing boys who are just commencing the wonderful Meccano hobby how to obtain the greatest possible fun.



Windmill

### THE IMPORTANCE OF "LOCK-NUTTING"

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### A FEW USEFUL HINTS

Floating

Crane

It will be noticed that with each model shown in this Manual of Instructions is given a list of the parts required to build it. For the first few models it is a good plan to lay out on the table all the parts required for the one it is proposed to build, and put the remainder of the Outfit on one side. To help you to pick out the correct parts for your model a complete list of Meccano parts is given at the back of this Manual, and all the principal parts are illustrated. In the list the parts are all numbered, and in most cases their measurements are given. There is no need, however, to measure the parts to find out which is which, as the size is easily found from the number of holes. All Meccano holes are spaced  $\frac{1}{2}$ " apart, so that by counting two holes to the inch the size of a part can be found at once. For instance, Part No. 2 is listed as a  $5\frac{1}{2}$ " Perforated Strip, so you look in your Outfit for a Strip with eleven holes. Similarly No. 192 is a  $5\frac{1}{2}$ " ×  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Flexible Plate, so you look for a Flexible Plate eleven holes in length and five holes in width. By the time a few models have been built the names of the parts will have become familiar.

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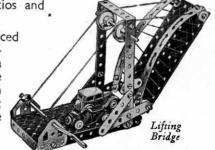
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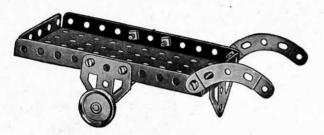
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### These Models can be built with MECCANO No. O Outfit

### O.1 HAND CART

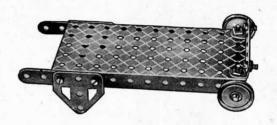


### Parts required

1 of No. 16	1 of No. 52	2 of No. 126a
2 " " 22	2 " " 90a	2 " "155a
8 " " 37	1 " " 126	

# O.2 COSTER'S BARROW Parts required 2 of No. 10 1 " " 16 2 " " 22 2 " " 126 4 of No. 2 | 16 " " 37 | 2 " " 126a

### O.3 FLAT TRUCK



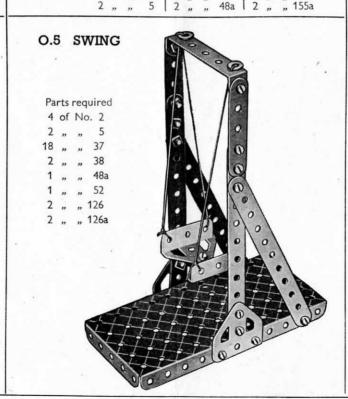
### Parts required

2	of	No	5. 5	12	of	No.	22	1 1	of	No	. 90a
2	,,	,,	12	8	"	"	37	2	,,	,,	126a
1	,,	,,	16	8	- "	,,	52	2	,,	,,	155a

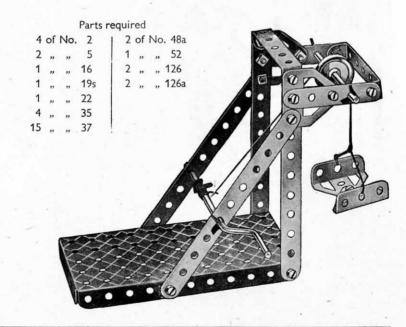
### O.4 DOCKSIDE CRANE



### Parts required 4 of No. 2 3 " " 12 1 " " 17 1 " " 19s 1 " " 22 1 " " 24 2 " " 35 18 " " 37 2 " " 37a 2 " " 48a 1 " " 52 2 " " 90a 2 " "111c 2 " " 126 2 " "126a



### O.6 ELEVATOR



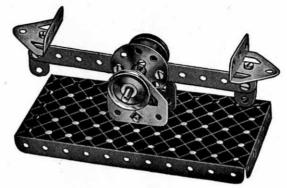
2 , , , 126a 2 , , , 155a

### O.7 GARDEN SEAT



Parts required 4 of No. 2

### O.8 COUNTER SCALES

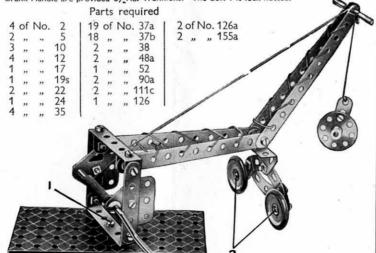


### Parts required

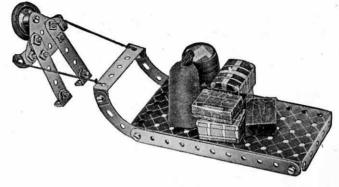
1	of	No.	2	1 2	of	No.	22	1 1	of	No	52
2	,,	,,	10	1	,,	,,	24	- 2	,,,	,,	126
4	,,	,,	12	9	,,	"	37		. ,,		126
1		,,	17	2	,,	,,	38				

### O.11 RADIAL CRANE

The wheeled bogie that carries the boom and jib is formed from two Curved Strips and two Flat Brackets. The \( \frac{2}{3}'' \) Bolts \( 2 \) pass through the Flat Brackets and are gripped in the bosses of the \( 1^{9} \) Pulleys. Bearings for the Crank Handle are provided \( \frac{9}{3} \) by "Flat Trunnions. The Bolt \( 1 \) is lock-nutted.

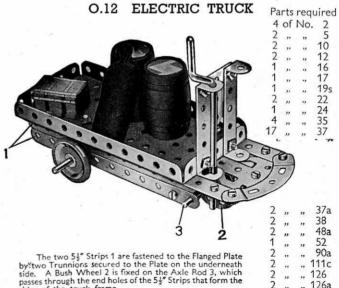


### O.9 ESKIMO BOY AND SLEDGE

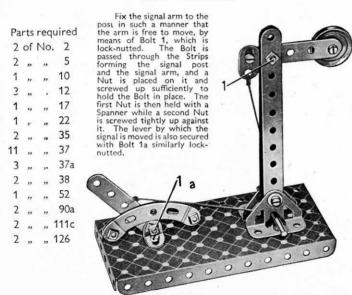


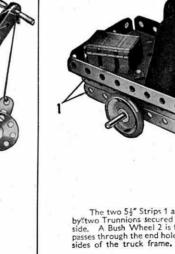
Parts required

2	of	No.	2	1 1	of	No.	22	2	of	No	. 90a
		.,	5			***	37	1	,,	,,	111c
2			10	1	,,	,,	48a	1	,,	,,	126a
4	"	,,	12		,,		52	1	,,	,,	155a



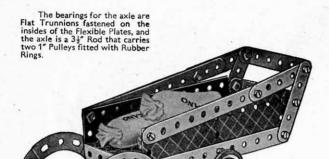
### O.10 SIGNAL





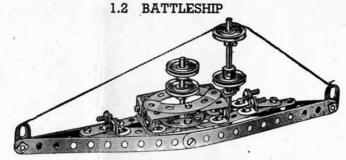
### These Models can be built with MECCANO No. 1 Outfit

### 1.1 PORTER'S TRUCK



Pa	rts	requ	uirec
4	of I	No.	2
4	,,	,,	5
2	,,	,,	10
- 1	,,	,,	16
2	,,	,,	22
14	,,	.,	37

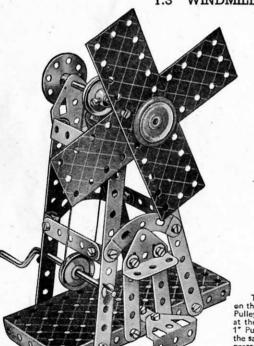
4	"	"	10
1	,,	,,	16
2	,,	,,	22
14	,,	,,	37
2	,,	"	38
2	,,	"	48a
1	,,	"	52
2	. "	,,	90a
2	"	,,	126a
2	,,	,,	155a



### Parts required

4 of No. 2	1 of No. 17	4 of No. 37a	I 4 of No. 111c
4 " " 5	4 " " 22	2 " " 38	1 " " 125
4 " " 10	1 " " 24	1 " " 40	2 " " 126
8 " " 12	3 " " 35	2 " " 48a	· 2 " " 126a
1 16	24 37	2 90a	

### 1.3 WINDMILL



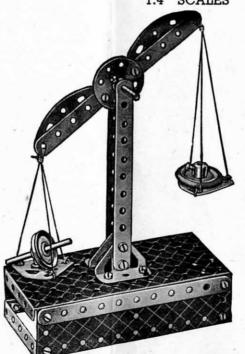
2 " "189

1	,,	,,,	10
4	3,	,,	12
1	,,	,,	16
1	,,	,,	199
4	,,	.,	22
1	,,	,,	24
3	,,	.,	35
24	,,	,,	37
4	,,	,,	38
1	,,	,,	40
2	,,	,,	48a

	2	,,	,,	126
	2	,,	,,	126a
	1	,,	"	155a
	2	.,	"	189
p	ed			

The sails are gripped en the 3\frac{1}{2}" Rod by the 1" Pulley (with Rubber Ring) at the Iront and another 1" Pulley at the back of the sails. The Pulleys are pressed against the faces of the sails and locked on the Rod.

### 1.4 SCALES

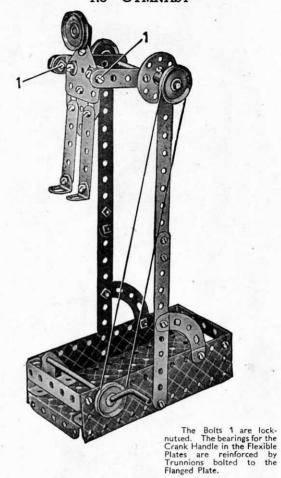


### Parts required

7	OI	140	. 2
2	,,	,,	5
2	,,	,,	17
2	,,	,,	22
.1	,,	,,	24
19	,,	"	37
1	"	"	38
1	,,	,,	40
2	,,	,,	48a
1	,,	,,	52
2	,,	,,	90a
1	,,	,,	111c
2	,,	,,	126
2	"	,,	126a
1	,,	,,	155a

2 " " 189

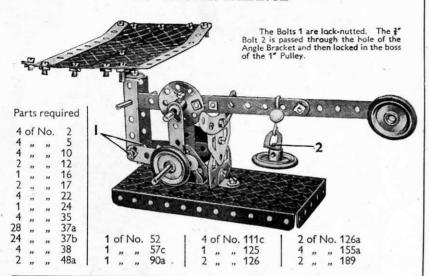
### 1.5 GYMNAST



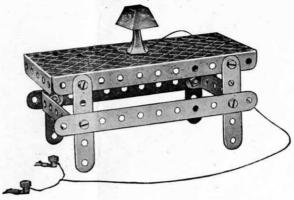
### Parts required

					al L	sie	quired					
4	of I	Vo.	2	1	of I	Vo.	24	1	1	of I	No.	52
4	,,	,,	5	2	,,	,,	35		2	,,	,,	90a
1	,,	,,	10	24	,,	,,	37		4	,,	,,	111c
4	,,	,,	12	5	,,		37a		2	,,	,,	126
1	,,	,,	16	4	,,	,,	38		2	,,	,,	126a
1	,,	"	19s	1	,,	,,	40		2	,,	,,	189
4	"	,,	22	1 2	,,	,,	48a	1				

### 1.6 LETTER BALANCE



### 1.7 TABLE

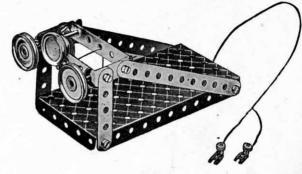


Parts required

2 of No. 2 8 of No. 37 1 of No. 52 4 ,, ,, 5 2 ,, 48a

The model is shown with a Stand Lamp from a Meccano Lighting Set.

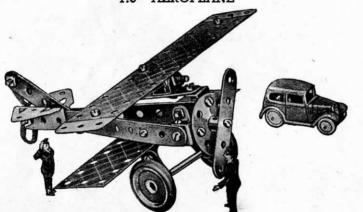
### 1.8 BUFFER STOPS



Parts required

The model is fitted with a Spot light from a Meccano Lighting Set.

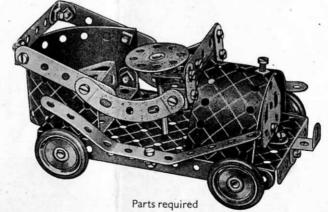
### 1.9 AEROPLANE



### Parts required

		· I di ta i	equired	
2 of N	No. 2	1 of No. 17	2 of No. 37a	2 of No. 126
3 "	" 5	2 " " 22	1 " " 38	2 " " 126a
4 "	" 10	1 ,, ,, 24	3 " "111c	2 " " 155a
8 "	" 12	17 " " 37	1 " " 125	2 " " 189

### 1.10 "KIDDIE KAR"



	40	of N	Vo.	2	1	of N	Vo.	17	1 3	of !	No	. 37a	. 1	of t	Vo.	125
	4	,,	,,	5	4	"	,,	22	2	,,	,,	48a	2	,,	,,	126
	3	,,	"	10	1	,,	,,	24	1	,,	,,	52	1	,,	,,	126a
	7	,,	,,.	12	1	"	,,	35	2	,,	,,	90a	4	,,	,,	155a
2	2	,,	**	16	24	"	,,	37	1 2	,,	,,	111c	2	,,	,,	189

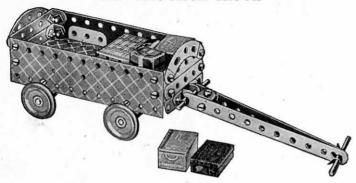
Two Trunnions overlapped one hole, and fastened to the Flanged Plate by an Angle Bracket, form the seat.



A good example of the use of the Meccano Lighting Set.

### These Models can be built with MECCANO No. 1 Outfit

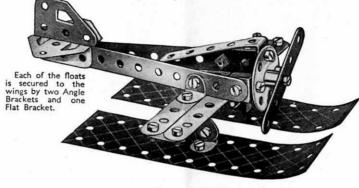
### 1.12 BAGGAGE TRUCK



### Parts required

2 0	of I	Vo.	2	1 4	of I	No.	35	1 2	of N	Vo.	90a
2	,,	,,	5	24	,,	,,	37	1	,,		111c
8	,,	,,	12	1	,,	,,	37a	2	,,	,,	126
2	,,	,,	16	2	,,	,,	38	2	,,	,,	126a
2	,,	,,	17	2	,,	,,	48a	4	,,	,,	155a
4	,,	,,	22	1	,,	,,	52	2	,,	,,	189

### 1.13 RACING SEAPLANE

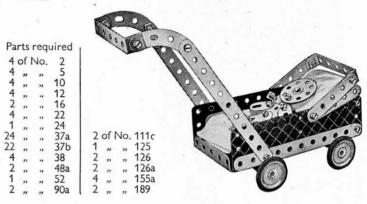


### Parts required

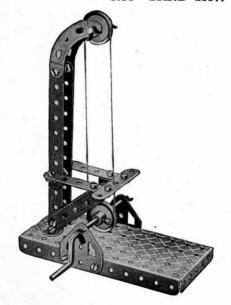
3	of	No.	2	110	f No.	24	2 of 1	No.	1110
3	,,	,,	5	19	,, ,,	37	2 "		126
4	,,	,,	10	1	,, ,,	37a	1 "	,,	126
8	,,	,,	12	1	,, ,,	48a	2 "		189

### 1.14 CHILD'S PRAM

Flat Trunnions bolted between the Flexible Plates and the Flanged Plate provide bearings for the rear axle. Angle Brackets bolted under the Flanged Plate form the bearings for the front axle. The body of the "baby" consists of two Trunnions, and its arms and legs are Flat Brackets. Its head is fixed in place by a Reversed Angle Bracket.

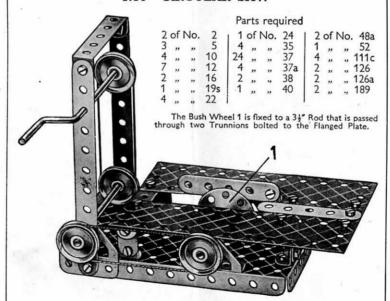


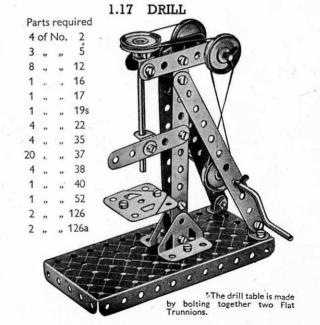
### 1.15 BAND SAW



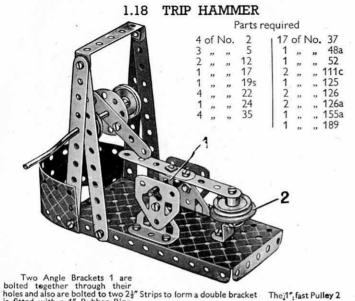
Parts required 2 of No. 2 4 " " 5 6 " " 12 1 " " 17 1 " " 19s 2 " " 22 4 " " 35 19 " " 37 1 - " 40 1 " " 52 2 " " 90a 2 " " 126a

### 1.16 CIRCULAR SAW





### These Models can be built with MECCANO No 1 Outfit



1.21 LIFTING BRIDGE

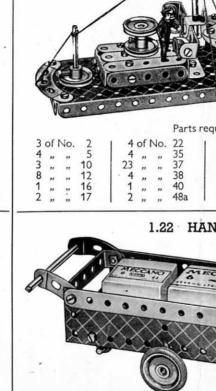
1 of No. 19s

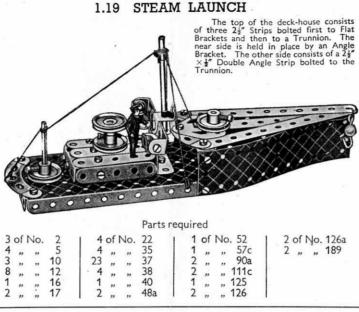
is fitted with a 1" Rubber Ring.

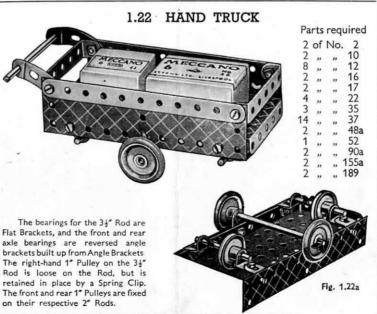
The Bolts 1, on which the

bridge span pivots, are lock-

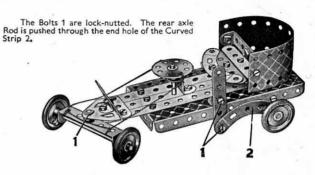
nutted.





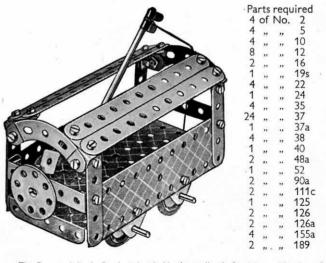


### 1.20 COASTER

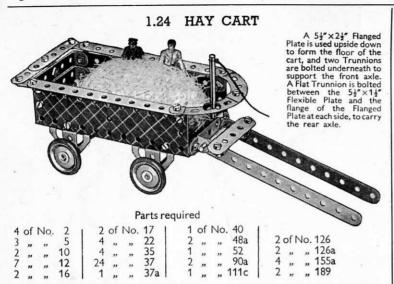


	Parts required	
3 of No. 2 4 " " 5 5 " " 12 2 " " 16 1 " " 17 4 " " 22 1 " " 24	1 of No. 35 20 ,, 37 4 ,, 37a 4 ,, 38 1 ,, 40 2 ,, 48a 1 ,, 52	2 of No. 90a 2 " "111c 1 " "125 2 " "126a 4 " "155a 1 " "189

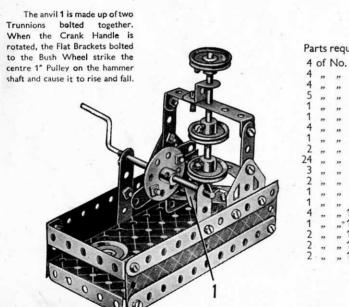
### 1.23 TROLLEY BUS



The Reversed Angle Bracket that holds the trolley is fixed in position by a Bolt passed through the slot in the Bracket, then through two Washers, and into the boss of the Bush Wheel.



### 1.27 STAMPING MILL



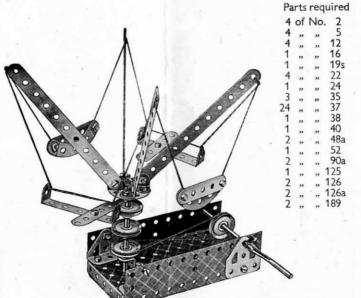
ired	
2	
2 5 10 12 16 19s 22 24 35 37 37a 48a 52	
16	
22	
35	
37a	1
48a 52	
90a 111c	
111c 125 126 126a 189	
126 <b>a</b> 189	

## 1.25 MOTOR LORRY

The  $2\frac{1}{2}$ " Curved Strips representing the rear mudguards are each fastened to the sides by a  $\frac{3}{8}$ " Bolt and Nut, with a Spring Clip between the mudguards and the  $5\frac{1}{2}$ " Strip to form a distance piece.

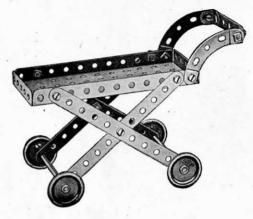
	Parts require	d	
4 of No. 2	1 of No. 17   19 of No. 37	2 of No. 90a	2 of No. 126a
4 "• " 5	4 " " 22 4 " " 37a 1 " " 24 2 " " 48a 2 " " 35 1 " " 52	3 " "111c	4 ,, ,, 155
3 " " 12	1 ,, ,, 24   2 ,, ,, 48a	1 ,, ,, 125	2 ,, ,, 189
2 16	2 35   1 52	2 ,, ,, 126	

### 1.28 FLYING BOATS

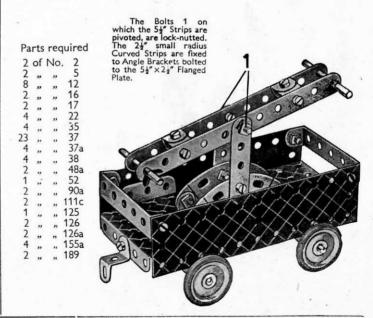


### 1.26 HOSPITAL TROLLEY





### 1.29 HAND CAR



### 1.30 MONOPLANE

The fast Pulleys 1 are fixed to Angle Brackets fastened to the wing by  $\frac{2}{3}$  Bolts, which are passed through the Angle Brackets, and held in the bosses of the Pulleys. The set screws of the Pulleys hold also a second Bolt on which the propellers are mounted.

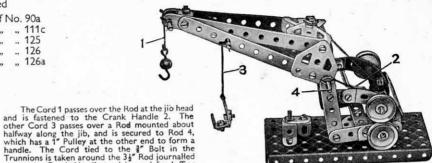
### Parts required 4 of No. 2

### 1.31 FLOATING CRANE

			al re	required
4	of	No.	2	1 2 of No. 90a
4		,,	5	3 " "111c
4	,.	.,	10	1 " 125
7	,,	,,	12	2 " " 126
2	**	,,	16	2 " "126a
2		.,	17	
1	.,	٠,,	19s	

52

and is fastened—to the Crank Handle 2. The other Cord 3 passes over a Rod mounted about halfway along the jib, and is secured to Rod 4, which has a 1" Pulley at the other end to form a handle. The Cord tied to the \{ \}" Bolt in the Trunnions is taken around the \( \frac{3}{2} \)" Rod journaled above the Crank Handle, and is used for luffing the jib by turning the 1" Pulley at the rear end of the Rod. Two Angle Brackets and a Flat Bracket from the hook on Cord \( \frac{3}{2} \). form the hook on Cord 3.



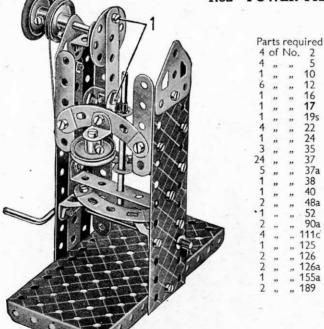
### 1.32 POWER PRESS

4 of No. 2

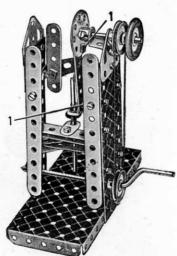
125

" 126 " 126a

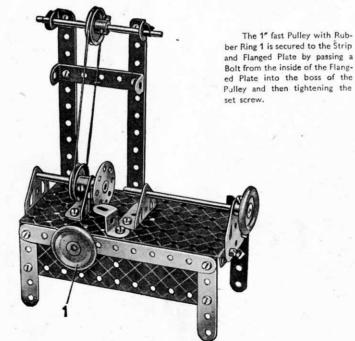
" 155a



The Bolts 1 are lock-nutted, and the Angle Bracket at the lower end of the 2½" Strip has a 4½" Rod in its elongated hole, where it is held by means of two Spring Clips

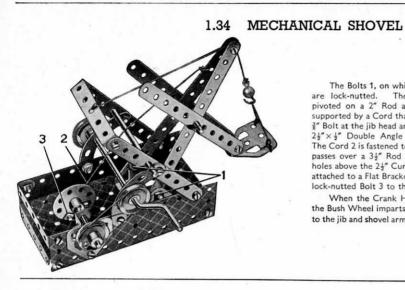


### 1.33 LATHE



### Parts required

4 of No. 2 1 " " 111c 1 " " 125 2 " "-126 2 " "126a 2 " "155a 2 " " 189



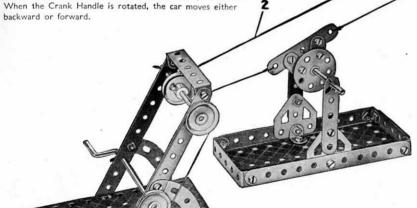
The Bolts 1, on which the jib pivots, are lock-nutted. The shovel arm is pivoted on a 2" Rod and the shovel is supported by a Cord that passes over the 3" Bolt at the jib head and is fastened to a 2½"×½" Double Angle Strip as shown. The Cord 2 is fastened to the jib and then passes over a 31" Rod journalled in the holes above the 21" Curved Strips, and is attached to a Flat Bracket fastened by the lock-nutted Bolt 3 to the Bush Wheel.

When the Crank Handle is rotated. the Bush Wheel imparts a digging motion to the jib and shovel arm.

Pai	rts	rec	luired 25 10 12 16 17 19s 22 24 35 37 37a 38 40 48a 52 57c 90a 111c 125 126a 155a 189
- 7	Oi	140	. 4
4	"	,,	5
1	,,	,,	10
2	,,	,,	12
1	,,	"	16
2	,,	,,	17
1	,,	,,	19s
3	,,	,,	22
1	,,	,,	24
4	,,	,,	35
24	,,	,,	37
4	,,	,,	37a
4	,,	,,	38
1	,,	,,	40
2	,,	,,	48a
1	,,	,,	52
1	,,	,,	57c
2	,,	,,	90a
4	,,	,,	111c
1	,,	,,	125
2	,,	,,	126
2	,,	,,	126a
1	,,	,,	155a
2	,,	,,	189

### 1.35 TELPHER SPAN

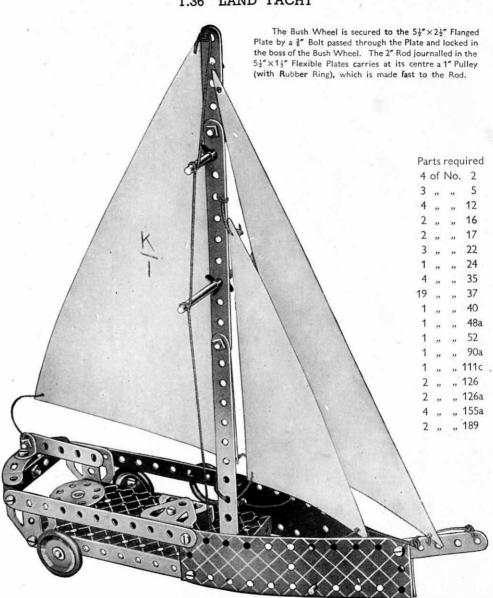
The anchoring piece 1 consists of two Trunnions bolted together, and a hook, which is made of two Angle Brackets fastened to them. A 2" Rod carrying a 1" ast Pulley is journalled in the Trunnions. The anchoring piece is hooked on a picture rail or other suitable support, and the Cord 2, which can be of any length, is passed round the 1" Pulleys as shown.



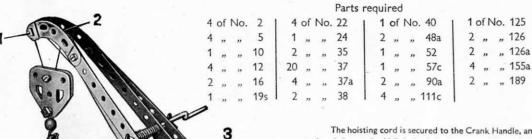
### Parts required

4	of	No.	2	4	of	No.	37a
4	,,	,,	5	4	,,	.,	38
2	,,	,,	10	1	,,	,,	40
6	,,	,,	12	2	"	,,	48a
2	,,	,,	16	1	,,	,,	52
1	,,	,,	17	2	,,	.,	90a
1	,,	,,	19s	4	••	.,	111c
4		.,	22	2	,,		126
1	,,	,,	24	2	"	.,	126a
4	,,	"	35	2	,,	,,	189
24	,,	,,	37				

### 1.36 LAND YACHT



### 1.37 RAILWAY BREAKDOWN CRANE



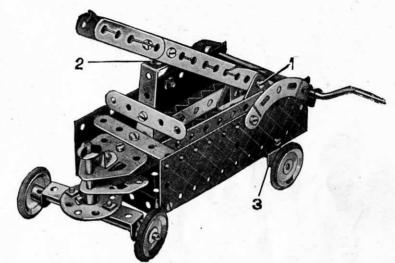
The hoisting cord is secured to the Crank Handle, and then led over the §" Bolt 1. It is then passed through the pulley block and fastened to the jib at 2. The jib is attached to the Bush Wheel 3 by means of Angle Brackets and the complete unit is pivoted as follows. A §" Bolt is passed through the  $5\frac{1}{2}$ "  $\times 2\frac{1}{2}$ " Flanged Plate, and is secured in the boss of the Bush Wheel by its set screw.

### 1.38 FIRE ENGINE

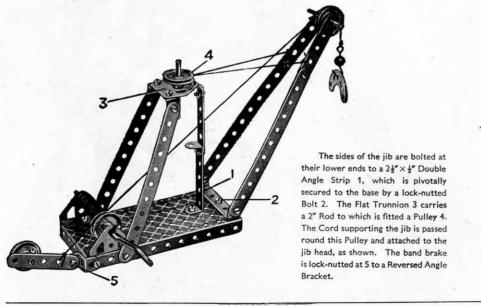
### Parts required

4	of	No.	2	1	2	of	No.	. 38
4	,,	,,	5		1	,,	- 22	40
3	,,	,,	10	1	2	,,	,,	488
4 3 5 2	,,	,,	12	1	1	,,	,,	52
2	,,	,,	16	1	2	,,	,,,	90
1	22	.,,	17		2	**	,,,	111
1	,,	,,,	19s		1	,,	,,	125
4	,,	,,	22	1	2	,,	,,	126
1	,,	,,	24		2	,,	**	126
4	,,	,,	35	1	4	))	**	155
24	,,	,,	37		2	.,,	,,	189
4	,,	,,	37a	1				

Bolts 1 are lock-nutted. The sides of the ladder are held together by two Angle Brackets 2, which are bolted together to form a double bracket. The rear axle bearings 3 are Flat Brackets bolted inside the flange of the Flanged Plate. The Cord from the Crank Handle is tied in the fourth hole up the ladder so that when the Handle is turned it causes the ladder to lift.



### 1.39 DERRICK CRANE



### Parts required 4 of No. 2

4 ,, ,, 5

2 , , 17

4 " " 35 19 " " 37

1 ,, ,, 40 2 · ,, , 48

1 ,, ,, 52 1 ,, ,, 57c 2 ,, ,, 90a

1 " " 111c 1 " " 125

2 " " 126 1 " " 126a

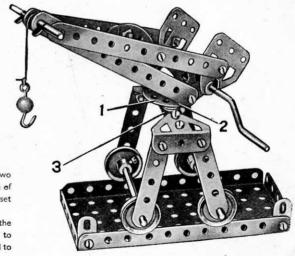
### 1.40 TRAVELLING CRANE

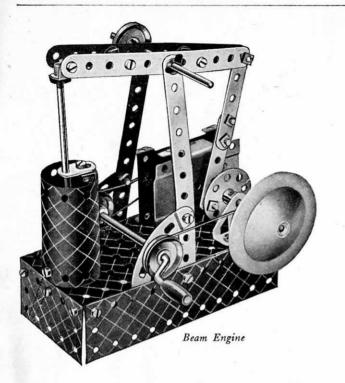
### Parts required

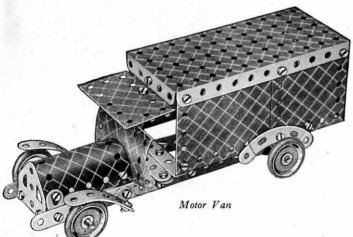
4	of	No.	2	20	of	No.	. 37	
4	,,	,,	5	4	"	,,	38	
4	,,	,,	10	1	,,	,,	40	
2	,,	,,	12	1	,,	,,	48a	
2	"	,,	16	1	,,	,,	52	
1	,,	,,	17	1	,,	.,	57c	
1	,,	,,	19s	2	"	,,	90a	
4	,,	,,	22	1	,,	"	111c	
1	,,	,,	24 .	2	,,	,,	126	
4			35	2	.,	,,	126a	

The sides of the jib are secured to the Bush Wheel 1 by two Angle Brackets 2. A & Bolt is passed from the underneath side of Double Angle Strip 3 into the boss of the Bush Wheel 1 and the set screw is then tightened.

The Flat Trunnions at the lower end of the jib support the Crank Handle, which also passes through Flat Brackets bolted to the Angle Brackets 2 on the Bush Wheel 1. The Cord is fastened to the Crank Handle, and passes over the 2" Rod at the jib head.





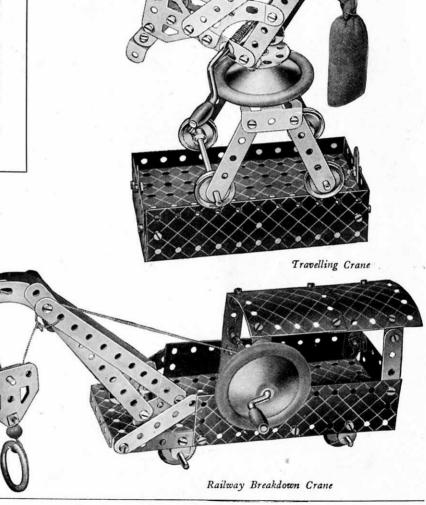


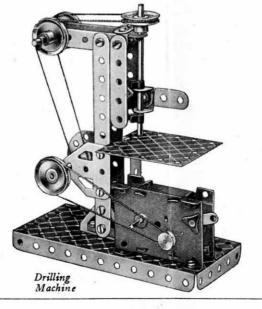
### BUILD BIGGER AND BETTER MODELS

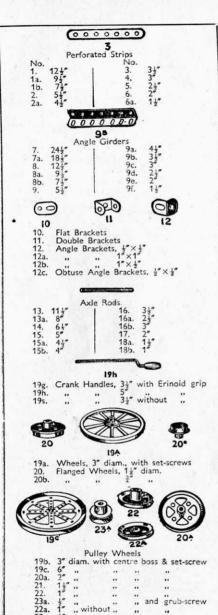
When you have built all the models shown in this Manual you will be keen to build bigger and more elaborate models. Your next step is to purchase a Meccano No. 1a Accessory Outfit containing all the parts required to convert your No. 1 into a No. 2 Outfit. You will then be able to build the full range of No. 2 Outfit models, a selection of which is illustrated on this page.

If you prefer to do so, you can build up and develop your Outfit quite easily by adding various parts to it from time to time. The model-building possibilities of the Meccano System are limitless, and the more Meccano parts you have the bigger and better the models you will be able to build.

Ask your dealer to post to you regularly the latest Meccano parts lists and other Meccano literature.

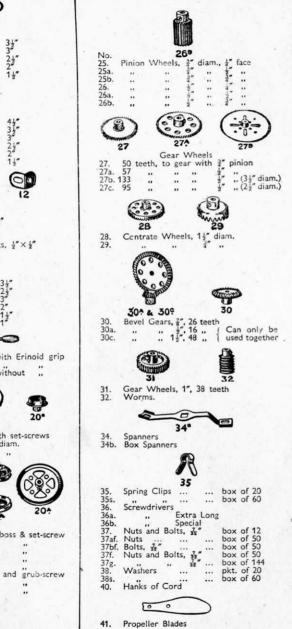




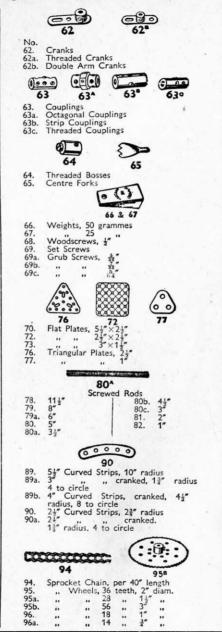


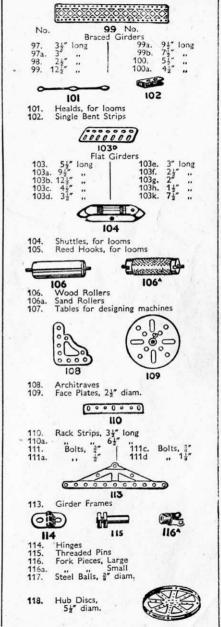
" without "

24. Bush Wheels

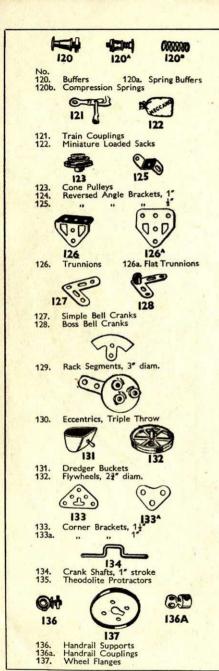


1	
	No. 43. Springs
	2 2 45 45 45
	44. Cranked Bent Strips 45. Double 46. Double Angle Strips, 2½"×1" 47. " 2½"×1½" 47a. " 3² ×1½"
	47a
	(A)
	50a. Eye Pieces, with boss
	52 53
	51. Flanged Plates, 2½"×1½" 52. 52a. Flat Plates, 5½"×2½" 53a. Flanged Plates, 3½"×3½" 53a. Flat Plates, 4½"×2½"
1	
	54a. Flanged Sector Plates, 4½" long
	(· · · · · · · · · · ·
	55. Perforated Strips, slotted, 5½" long 55a. " long 2" long
	<b>?</b> S
	57° 57° 57 57. Hooks 57a. "Scientific 57b. "Loaded, Large 57c. "Loaded, Small
	- n
•	58. Spring Cord, 40" Length 58a. Coupling Screws for Spring Cord 58b. Hooks for Spring Cord
	<b>®</b>
	59. Collars, with grub-screws
1	0000000
1	61. Windmill Sails





### MECCANO PARTS





Crane Grabs

