INSTRUCTIONS

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Meccano Transformer Type T20A

Output: 35VA at 20/3.5 Volts

This Transformer is intended for those who have a mains alternating current supply in their homes and who wish to use this current to run a Meccano 20-volt Motor or a Hornby 20-volt Electric Train. In addition to running a train, it will supply current for Hornby Accessories fitted for electric lighting. What the Transformer does is to transform the high-voltage mains current down to a suitable low-voltage current. It does this quite simply and with perfect safety, and the running cost averages only about one penny for three hours. Follow the instructions, and

you will have no trouble. If any difficulty should occur, read the instructions again to make sure you have not missed anything. Then, if the trouble still remains, send us a postcard telling us about it, and we will put you right immediately. Address your postcard to Meccano Limited, Binns Road, Liverpool 13. It must be specially noted that all Transformers

work only on alternating current. This Transformer, therefore, must not on any account be connected to direct (sometimes called continuous) current.

Fig. A is a diagram of three pairs of plug. sockets on one side of the Transformer. The first pair (1) gives current at 20 volts

under the control of the 5-stud speed regulator fitted to the Transformer as shown in Fig. B. The current from this pair is intended for driving a 20volt Hornby Train. The second pair of sockets

(2) also gives a current at 20 volts, but this current is not controlled by the speed regulator. intended for driving a Meccano 20-volt Motor, as shown in Fig. B. These two pairs of sockets must not be used at the same time. That is to say, either a train or a motor can be run, but not both together.

The third pair of sockets (3) gives current at 31 volts, and this current is intended for lighting Hornby Accessories. Any number of 31-volt flashlamp bulbs up to 14 can be lighted at the same time. Care must be taken that such 31-volt lamps are not connected to either the first or the second pairs of sockets, as this would cause the lamps to burn out quickly.

We have referred to the 5-stud speed regulator that controls the train-driving circuit from the first pair of sockets. When the handle of this regulator is at the extreme left, as shown in Fig. B, the

current to the motor or train is "off." train, move the regulator handle over to the stud at the extreme right, without pausing on the inter-mediate studs. Then, by moving the handle toward the left, the speed is gradually increased until the maximum is reached, when the handle is in contact with the stud next to the "off"

Fig. C shows the Transformer connected to the track for driving a 20-volt Hornby Train. The connection between the Transformer and the rails is made by means of the flexible lead (1) supplied with the Transformer, the plugs at one end of the lead being

inserted in the first pair of sockets of the Transformer, and the other ends of the lead taken to the terminals of the Terminal Connecting Plate that is attached to the rails (see Fig. C). The adaptor (2) is fitted into the lampholder (3)

We come now to the use of the third pair of sockets for lighting Hornby Accessories. The method of

connection is shown in Fig. D. With this Transformer are packed two Plugs, an Earthing Clip, a coil of Wire and a Fuse Unit. A piece of Wire is cut from the coil, of a sufficient length to reach from the Transformer to the

One end of this Wire is attached to the Earthing Clip, which is then clipped to one of the sleepers of the track, as shown in Fig. D. The other end of the Wire is inserted in one of the Plugs and secured by the set screw. The Fuse Unit is now

plugged into the lower socket of the third pair, and the plug end of the Wire is inserted in the Fuse Unit (See Fig. D).

A second piece of Wire is now cut, of a sufficient length to reach from the Transformer to the first Accessory that is to be lighted. One end of this Wire is inserted in the remaining Plug, and this is plugged into the upper socket of the third pair of the Transformer. The other end of this Wire is taken to the terminal of the Accessory that has a red washer, and is screwed up tightly. With each Accessory is packed an Earthing Clip, and the final step is to cut a third piece of Wire to connect the other terminal of the Accessory to a sleeper of the track by means of this Clip. If the connections have been made correctly the lamp of the Accessory will now light up.

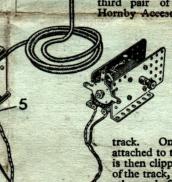
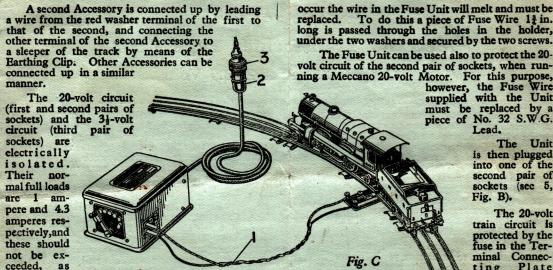


Fig. B



continuous overloading causes damage to the windings. load is indicated by heating or by a loud buzzing noise, but it may occur although these symptoms are absent. As a guide to determining the load on the Transformer the following current consumptions are given:—20-volt Locomotive, .75 amperes; 20-volt Headlamp on Locomotive, .15 amperes; 3½-volt Plashlamp, .3 amperes; 20-volt Meccano Motor, 1

The Fuse Unit to which reference has been made consists of a holder fitted with a piece of soft wire that melts at a low temperature and thus prevents damage to the Transformer resulting from short circuit. In connection with the lighting of

occur the wire in the Fuse Unit will melt and must be replaced. To do this a piece of Fuse Wire 12 in. long is passed through the holes in the holder, under the two washers and secured by the two screws.

volt circuit of the second pair of sockets, when running a Meccano 20-volt Motor. For this purpose, however, the Fuse Wire supplied with the Unit

must be replaced by a piece of No. 32 S.W.G. Lead.

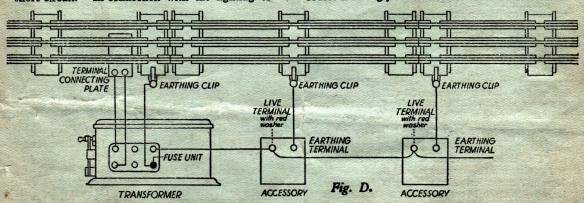
> The Unit is then plugged into one of the second pair of sockets (sec 5, Fig. B).

The 20-volt train circuit is protected by the fuse in the Terminal Connecting attached to the

The correct Fuse Wire to use with the Terminal Connecting Plate to suit this Transformer is No. 32 S.W.G. Lead.

Fuse Wires of the correct size can be purchased from any Meccano dealer. It is important that Fuse Wires of higher current carrying capacity should not be used, as they would afford no protection to the Transformer.

As an extra safety precaution, it is advisable to connect the case of the Transformer to earth. This course is strongly recommended where the Trans-



Accessories, as already described, the Unit is plugged into one of the sockets of the 3½-volt lighting circuit. It is supplied fitted with a piece of No. 24 S.W.G. Lead Fuse Wire, which is the correct wire for protecting the 31-volt circuit. If a short circuit should former is to be used on a stone or concrete floor, or near earthed metal objects. To make this connection easy, an Earthing Screw is provided at the point where the flex from the mains enters the Transformer.

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